

# CORRUPTION IN UKRAINE

perception, experience, attitudes

ANALYSIS OF NATIONWIDE SURVEYS 2015 - 2018

## Key facts:

- Polling agency: **Kyiv International Institute of Sociology**
- Population: **adults (≥18y.o.) from all over Ukraine and Kyiv city (except uncontrolled territories)**
- Survey method: **face-to-face interview**
- Sampling: **multistage random sample with quota selection at the last stage**
- Margin of error: **≤ 1.0%**

	2007	2009	2011	2015	2018
<b>Fieldworks</b>	Feb 21 – Mar 21	Feb 19 – Mar 24	Mar 18 – Apr 26	Aug 15 – Sep 17	Jul 3 – Aug 11
<b>Sample</b>	10 580	10 577	10 639	10 173	10 169

## Unique features

- **Representative** for each of 24 oblasts\*, the city of Kyiv, and for the whole of Ukraine
- **Sample size** allows to study corruption experience in particular sectors
- **Comparable methodology** allows to track changes from 2007

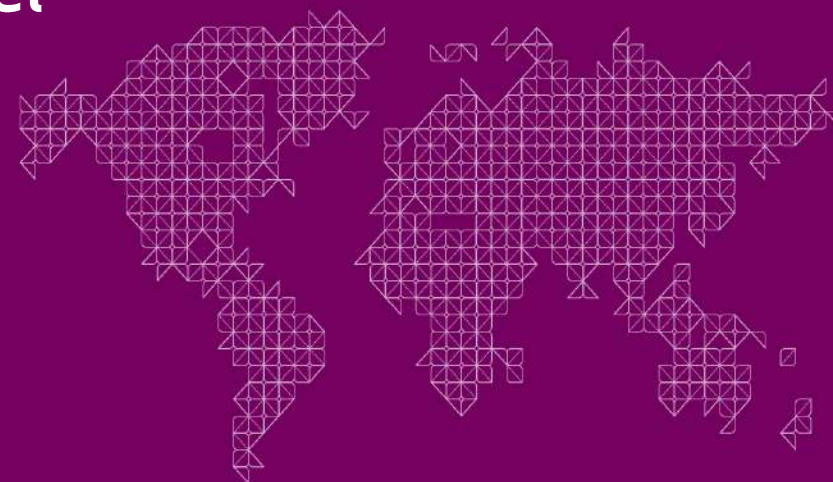
\* The temporarily occupied territories of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, city of Sevastopol, and certain areas of Donetsk and Luhansk oblasts which are outside the control of the government of Ukraine, were excluded from the 2015 and 2018 surveys.





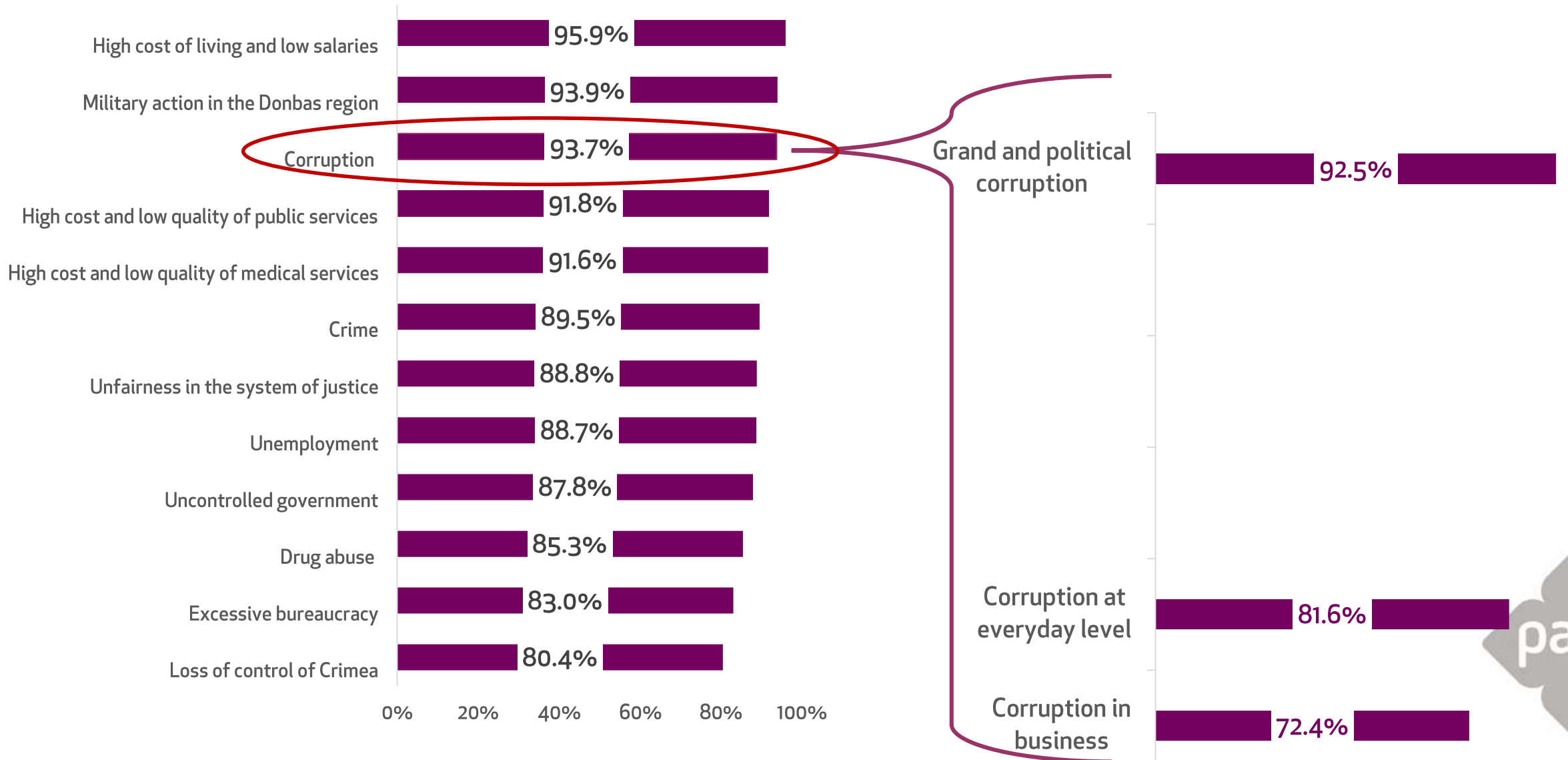
# ISSUES FOR DISCUSSION

1. Attitude to problem of corruption
2. Attitudes to government & non-government actors
3. Changes in perception of corruption level
4. Corruption experience
5. Citizens anti-corruption activism



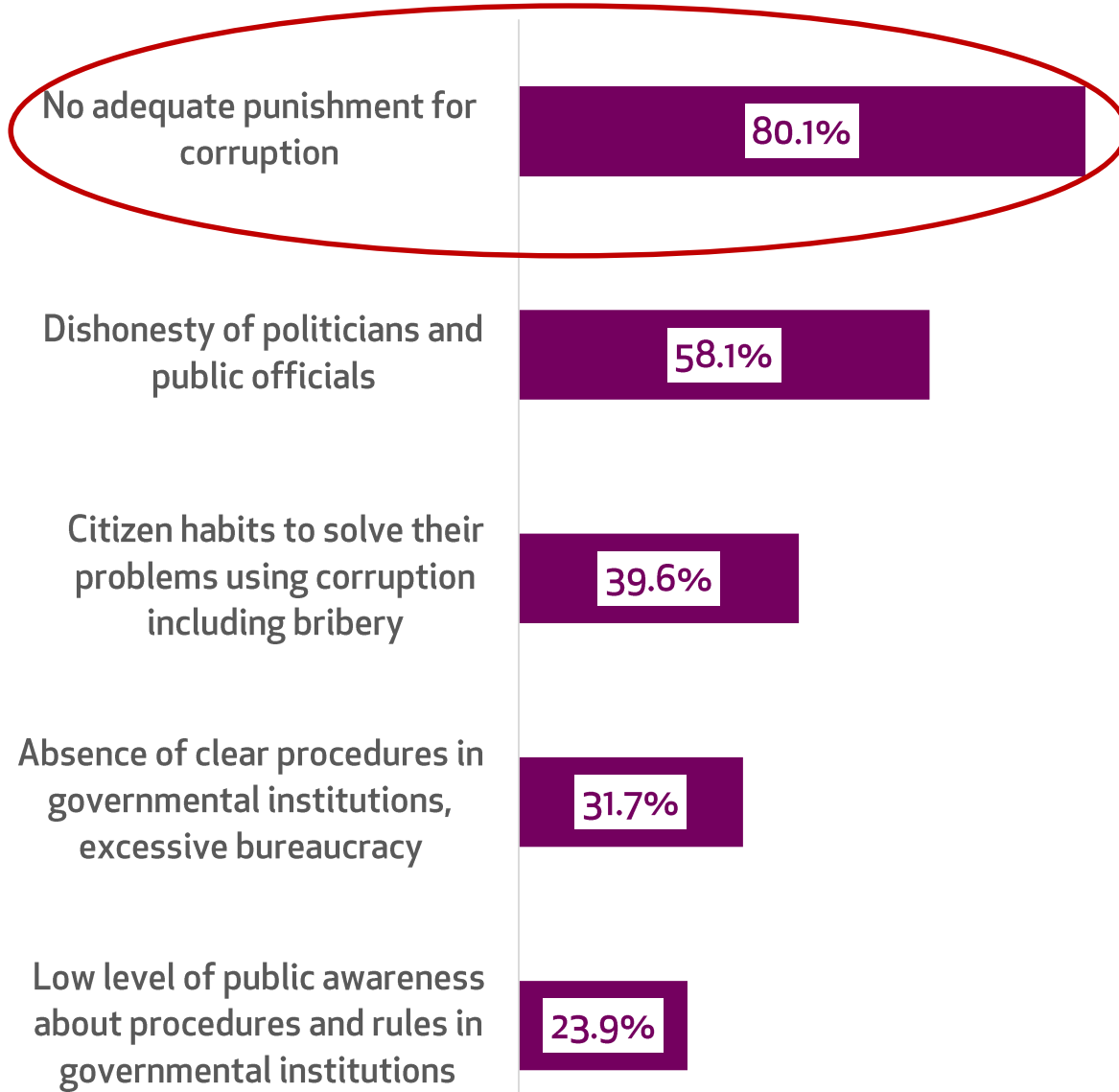
# «CORRUPTION» PERCEIVED AS POLITICAL CORRUPTION

How serious are the following problems in Ukraine today? (very serious + serious)



# IMPUNITY IS THE PROBLEM – INEVITABILITY OF PUNISHMENT IS THE SOLUTION

What are the three main causes of corruption in Ukraine?



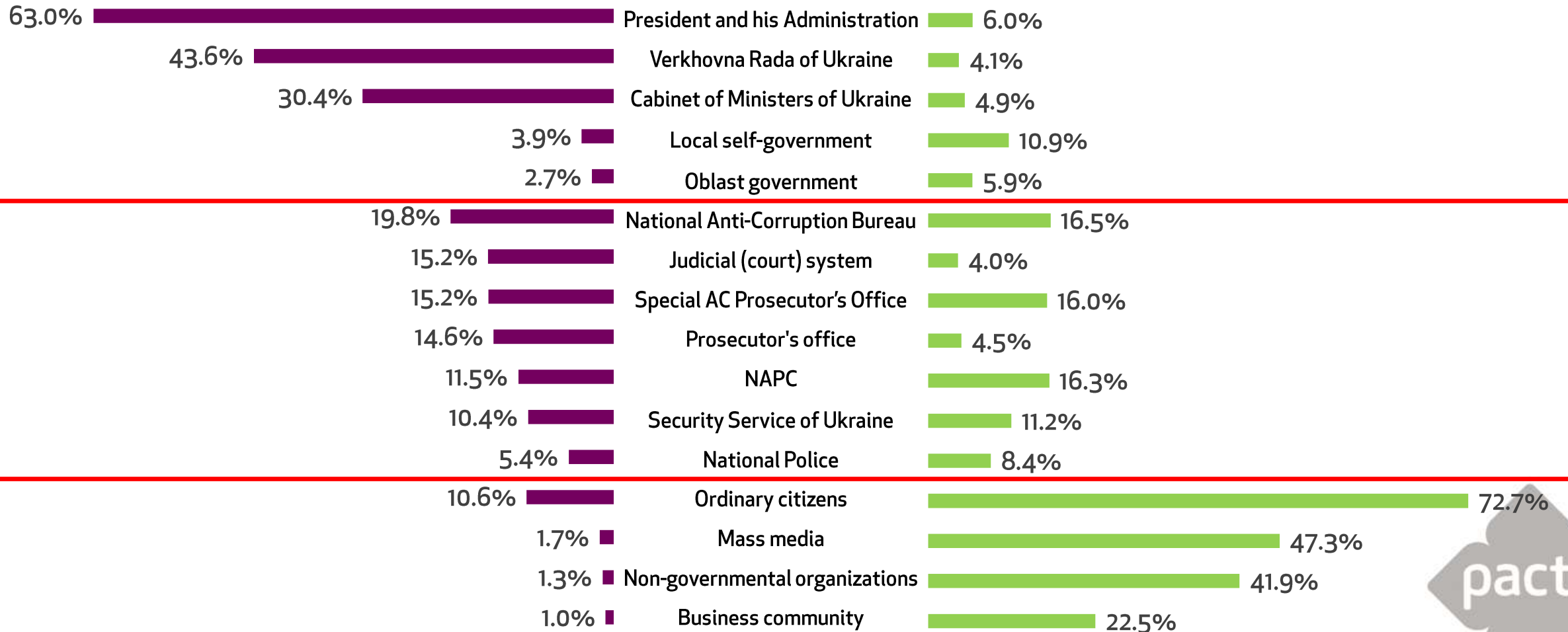
Which of the following measures are likely to be most effective in fighting and preventing corruption?



# ACTORS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIGHTING CORRUPTION ARE NOT WILLING TO ACT

Who is responsible for overcoming corruption in Ukraine?

Who is willing to overcome corruption in Ukraine?  
(willing very much + rather willing)

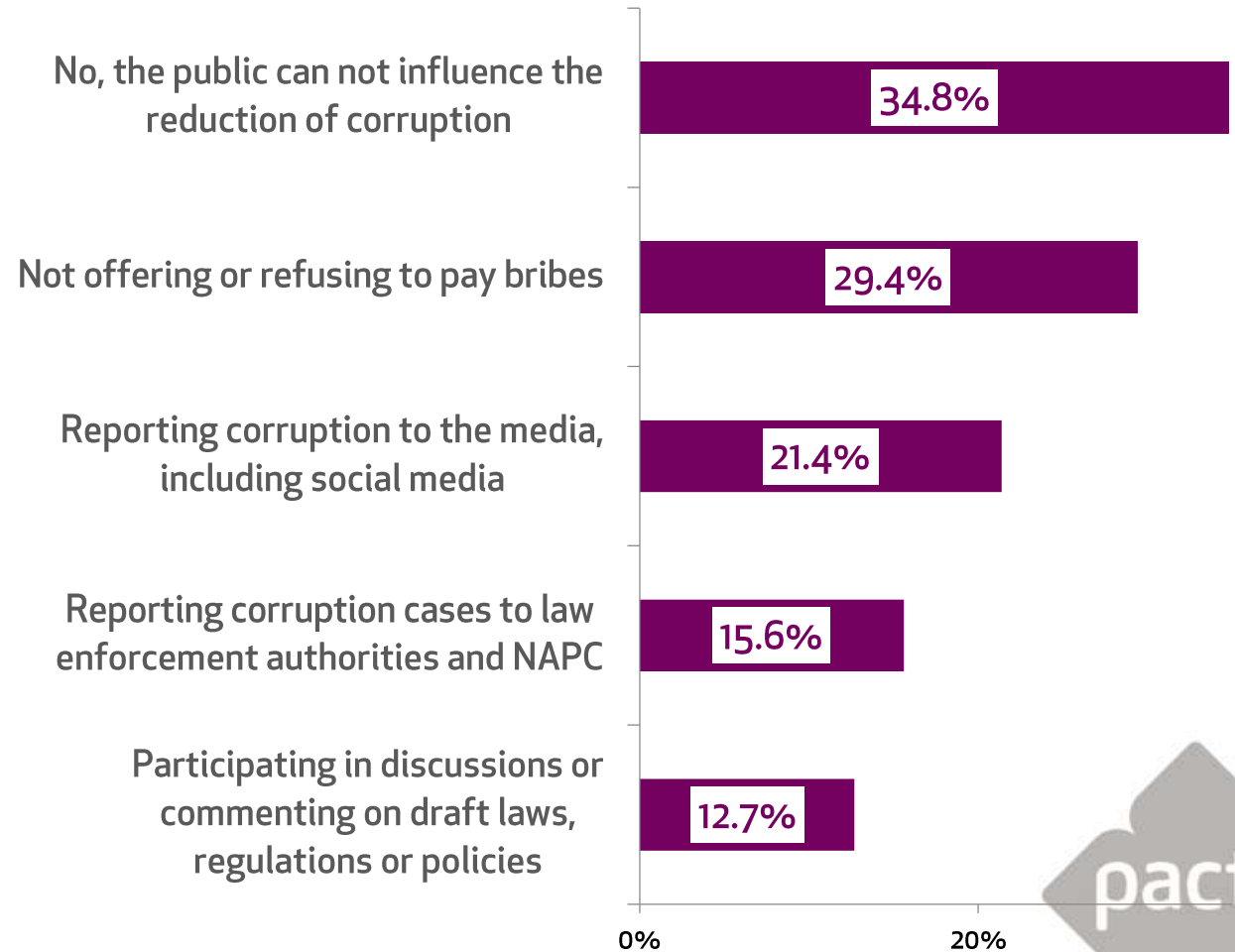


# CITIZENS' ROLE IN ANTI-CORRUPTION IS SEEN AS RATHER PASSIVE

## Ordinary citizens are responsible for overcoming corruption in Ukraine

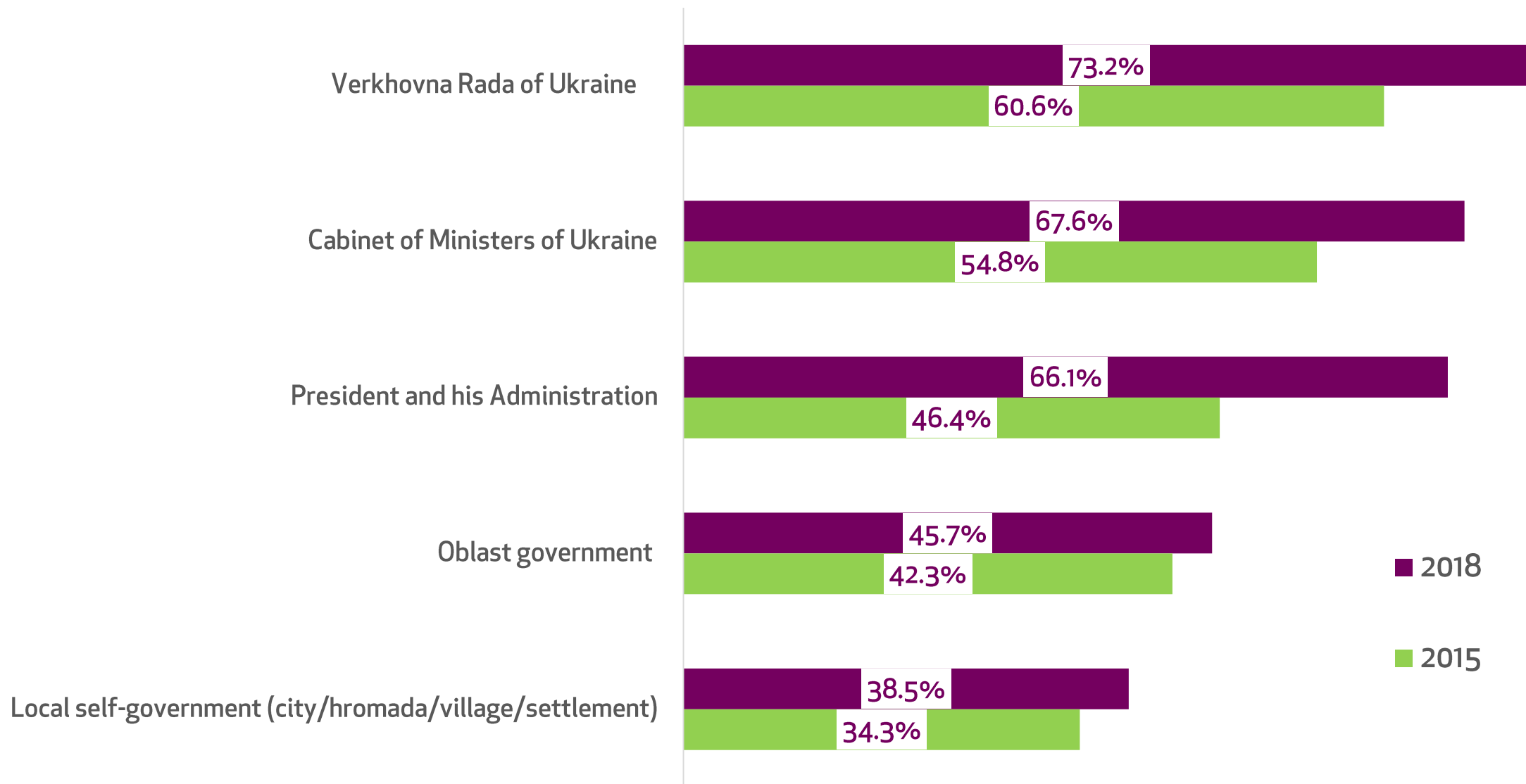


## Can the public influence the reduction of corruption by doing the following?



# PERCEPTION: CORRUPTION INCREASED THROUGHOUT POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS

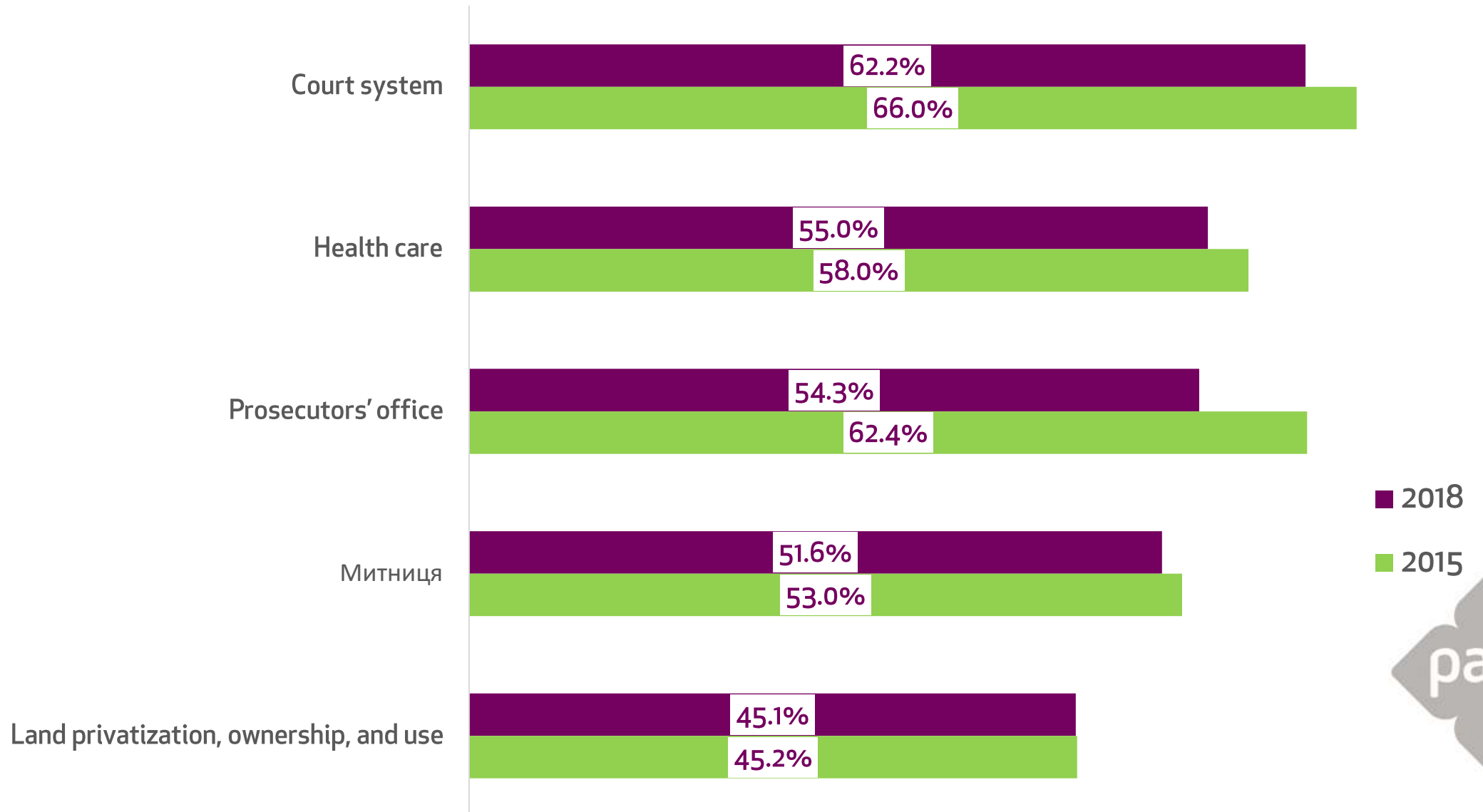
How widespread is corruption in the following levels of government?  
(% of «very widespread» responses)





# PERCEPTION: THROUGHOUT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION, CORRUPTION HAS SOMEWHAT DECREASED

How widespread is the corruption in the [name of the field]?  
(% of «very widespread» responses, top 5 institutions)



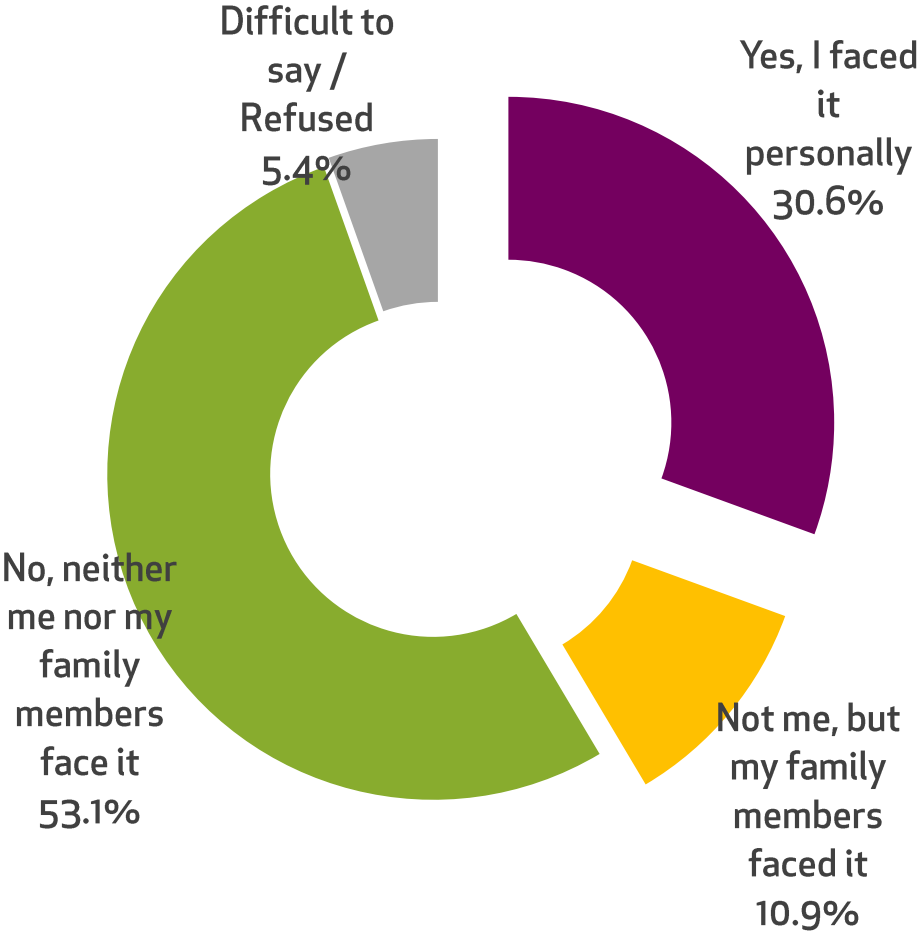
■ 2018

■ 2015

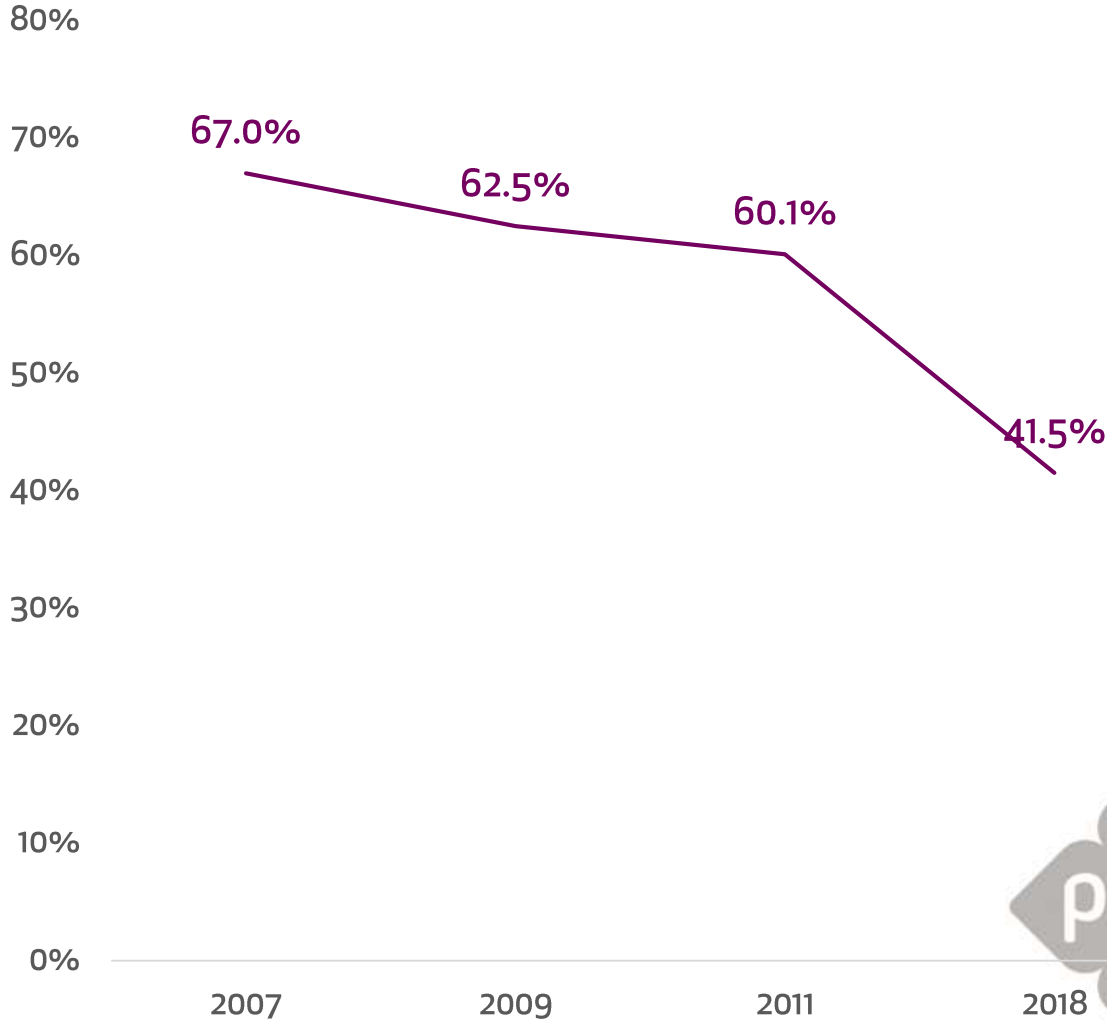


# FAMILIES OF 41.5% OF THE RESPONDENTS FACED CORRUPTION DURING THE LAST YEAR

Have you or your family members directly faced corruption during the last 12 months?

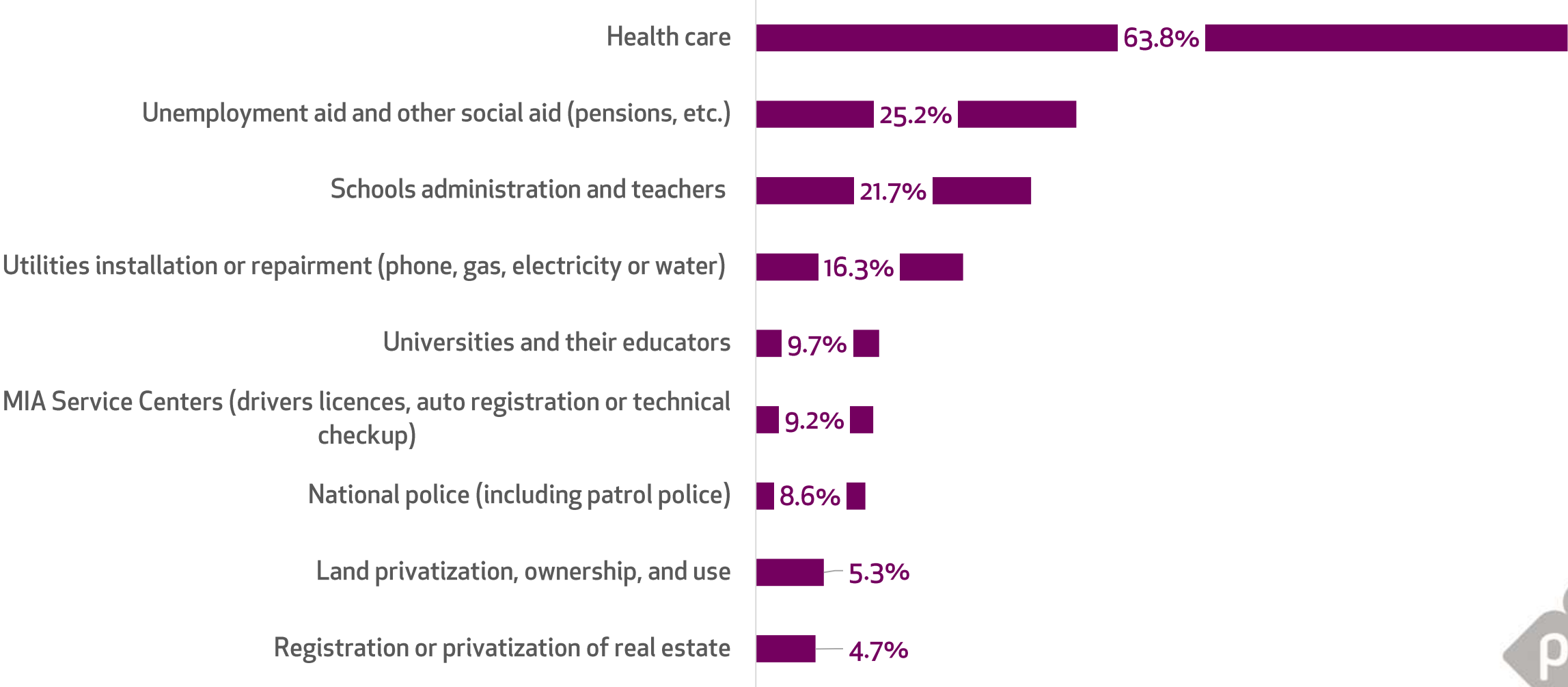


Share of those who faced corruption – personally or family members



# GENERAL CORRUPTION EXPERIENCE IS MOSTLY INFLUENCED BY CHANGES IN HEALTH SECTOR

Share of respondents that contacted with different state sectors



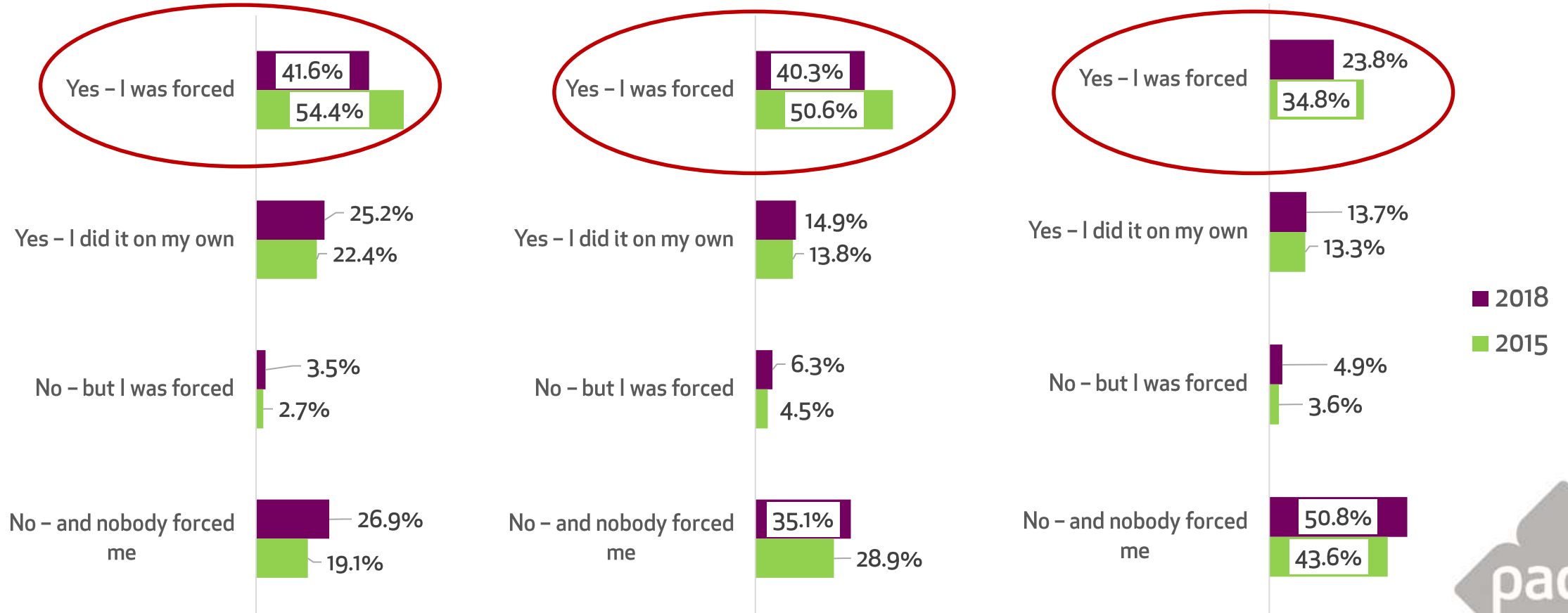
Q: Over the past 12 months, have you or your family member dealt with government authorities or with any of the state institutions?

# HEALTH CARE: SHARE OF THOSE FORCED TO PAY FOR SERVICES DECREASED BY 10 - 13%

To buy medicines or devices before going to doctor or hospital

To deliver money into "charitable" funds of the hospital, cabinet, or other funds

To provide free services or pay unofficially (outside of the cash desk) in hospitals or polyclinics in exchange of medical service

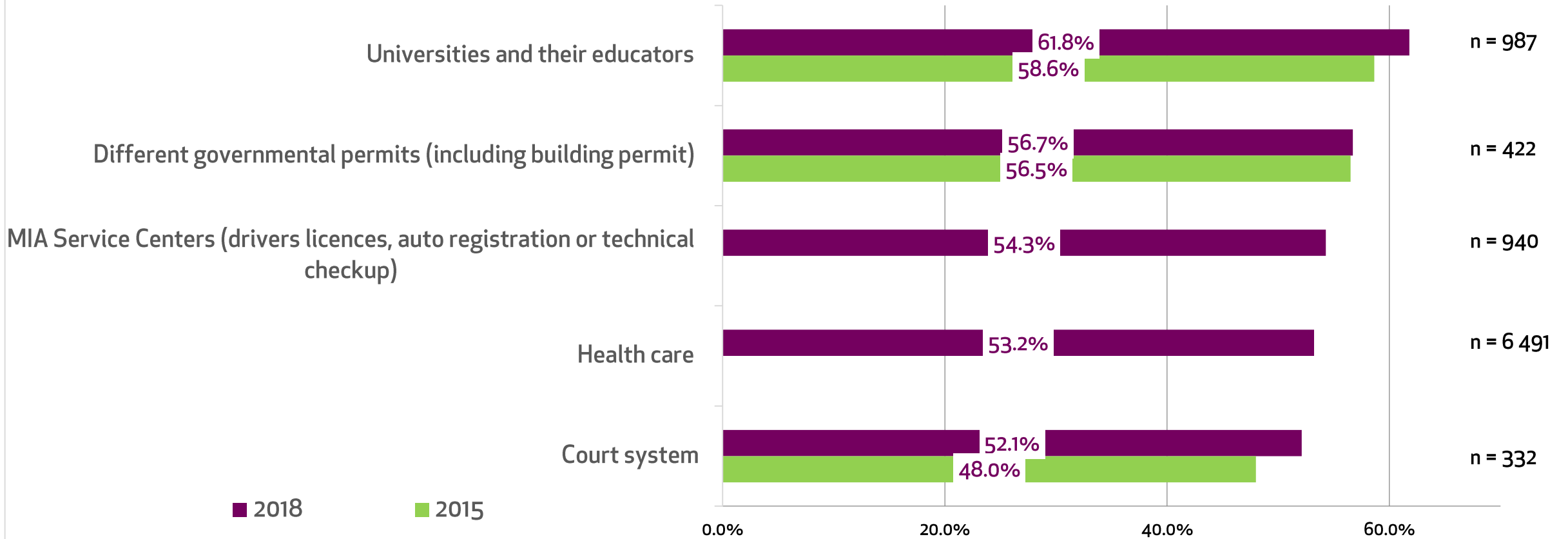


Q. Please tell me whether you or your family members did the following in order to receive medical services? - % of those who applied for state medicine institutions in the past 12 months



# SECTORS WHERE MOST CORRUPTION IS REPORTED ARE NOT THOSE WHERE MOST CONTACTS OCCUR

Sectors where corruption is most reported (% of those who contacted the sector in 12 months)



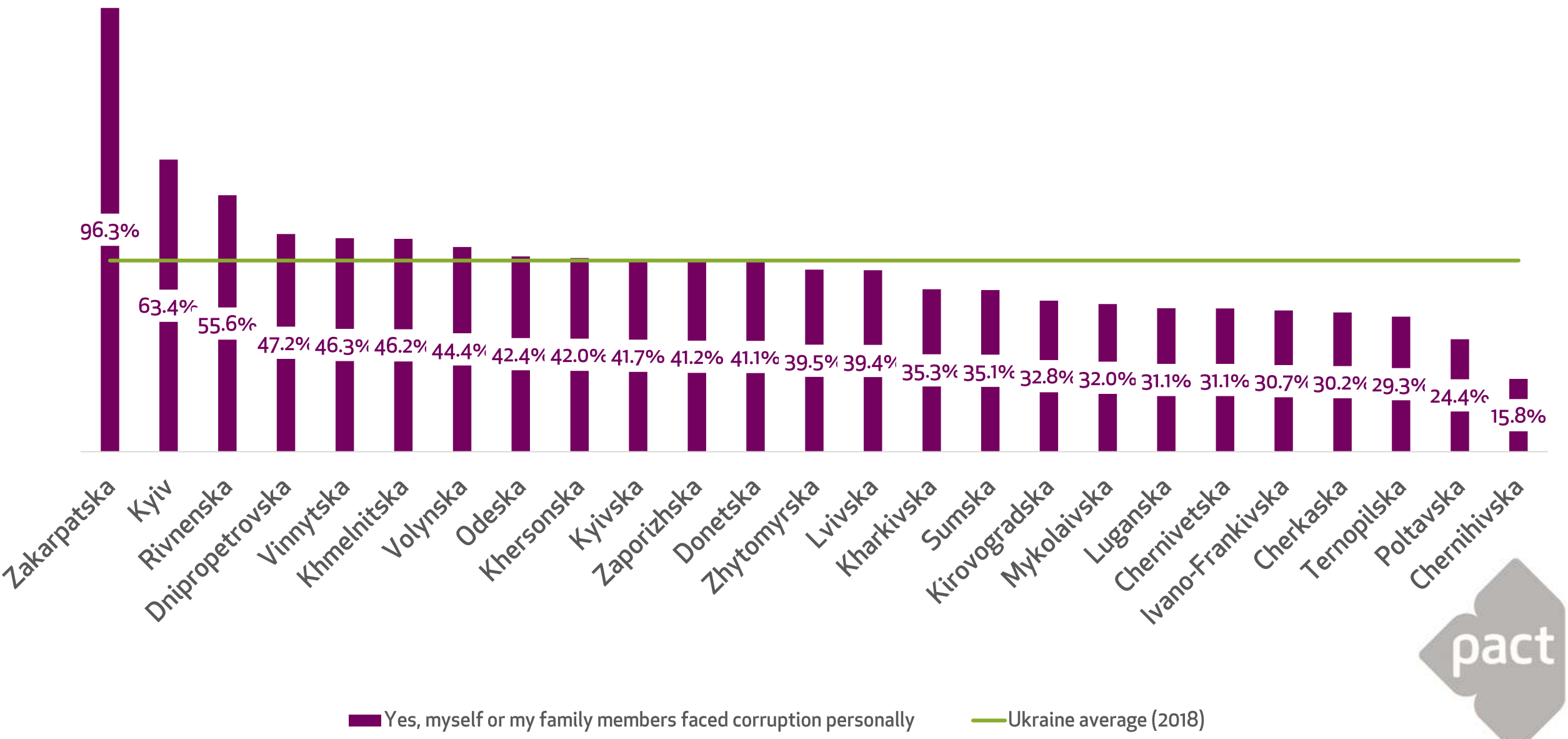
Q: Was a bribe (in the form of a gift, favor, service or money) requested from you or your family member?

Q: Did you or your family member offer a bribe (gift, favor, service or money) to obtain the services?

Q: Did you, your family member use personal connections or favoritism to obtain the service from the government authority?

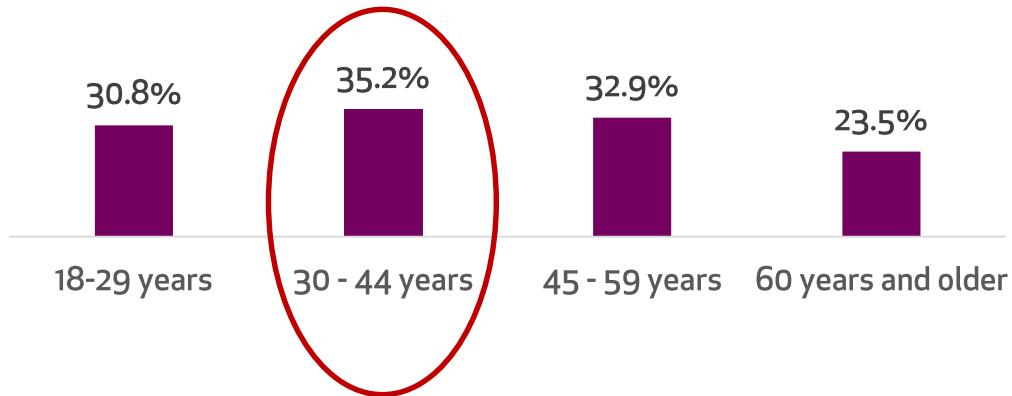


# IN ZAKARPATSKA OBLAST, KYIV AND RIVNE OBLAST MORE THAN HALF OF UKRAINIANS EXPERIENCED CORRUPTION

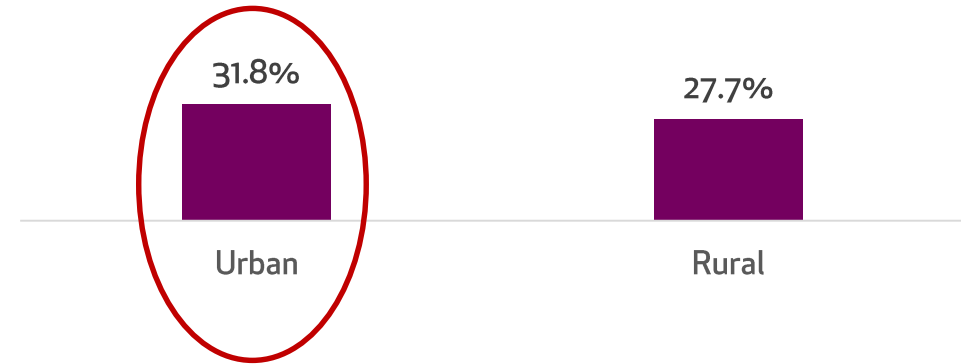


# EXPERIENCE OF CORRUPTION IS MORE COMMON FOR PEOPLE AGED 30-45, WITH HIGHER EDUCATION AND BETTER FINANCIAL CONDITION

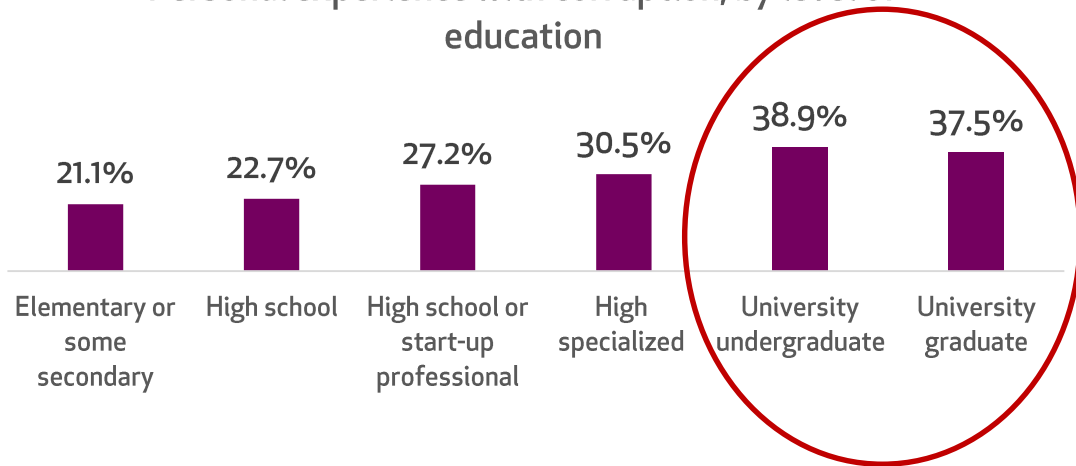
Personal experience with corruption, by age groups



Personal experience with corruption, by type of settlement



Personal experience with corruption, by level of education

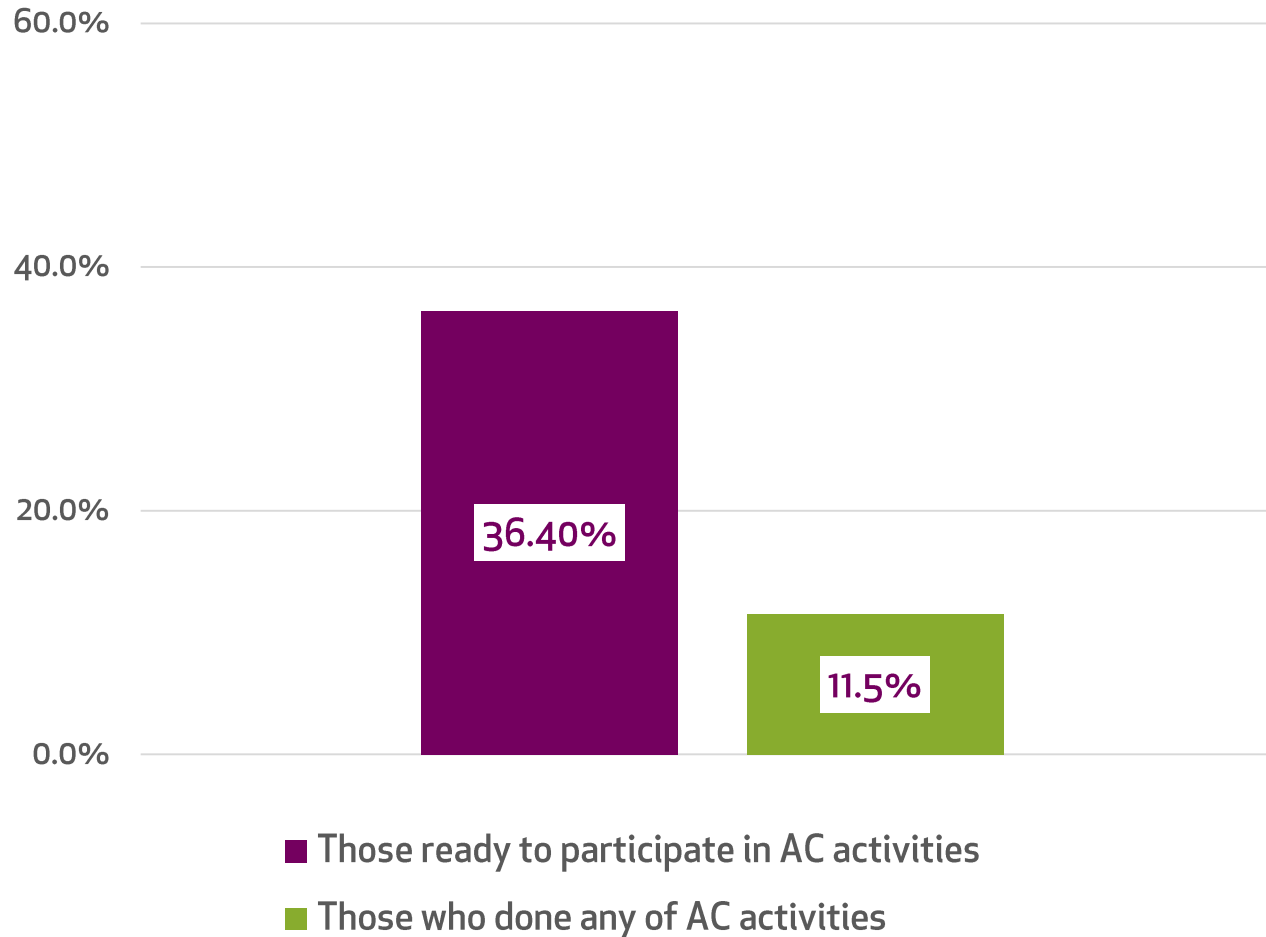


Personal experience with corruption, by family's financial condition



# ANTI-CORRUPTION ACTIVITIES: 36,5% ARE READY TO JOIN AND 11,5% REPORTED PARTICIPATING

## Readiness and actual participation in AC activities



### AC activities include:

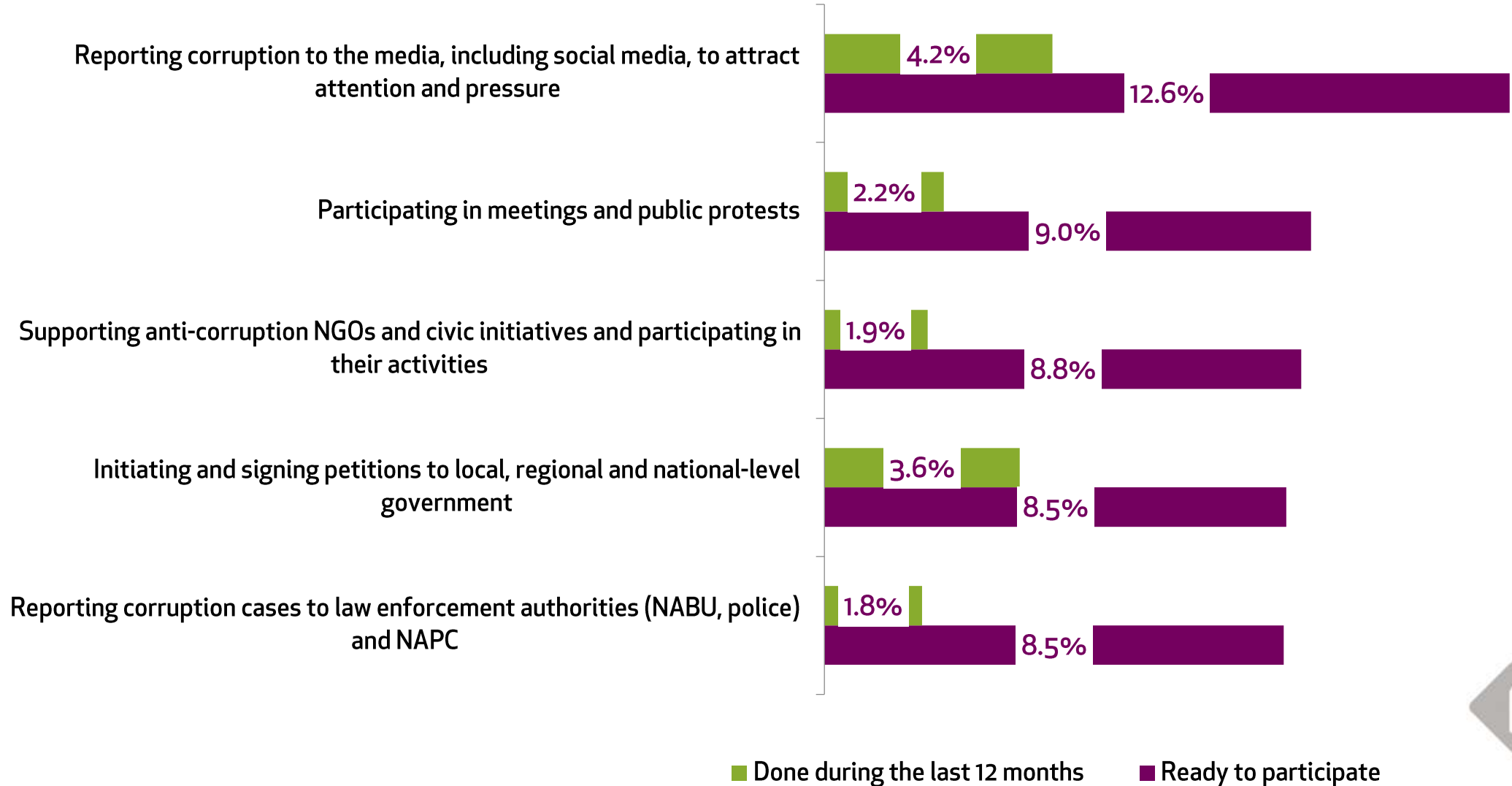
- participating in discussions on draft laws, regulations or policies
- initiating and signing petitions
- reporting corruption to the media, including social media
- appealing to MPs
- reporting corruption cases to law enforcement authorities and NAPC
- filing complaints about corruption with government agencies in which it was observed
- participating in meetings and public protests
- supporting anti-corruption NGOs and civic initiatives





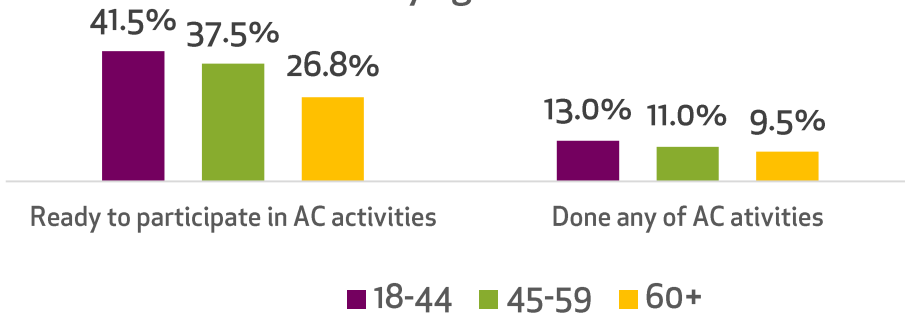
# REPORTING CORRUPTION TO MEDIA IS THE MOST POPULAR AC ACTIVITY

## Readiness and actual participation in AC activities

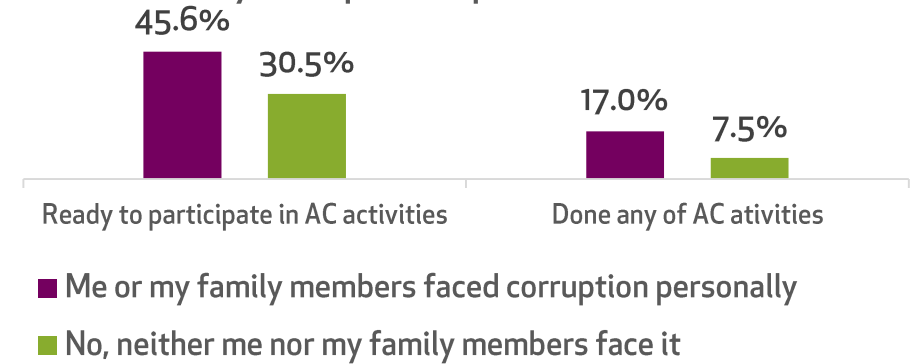


# YOUNGER AGE, CORRUPTION EXPERIENCE, HIGHER EDUCATION AND HIGHER INCOME ARE THE BEST PREDICTORS FOR PARTICIPATING IN AC ACTIVITIES

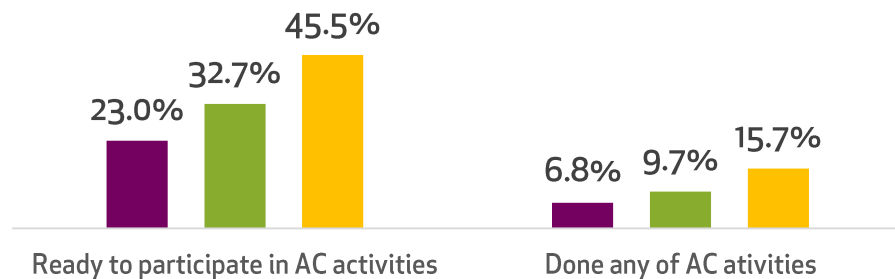
Readiness and actual participation in AC activities, by age



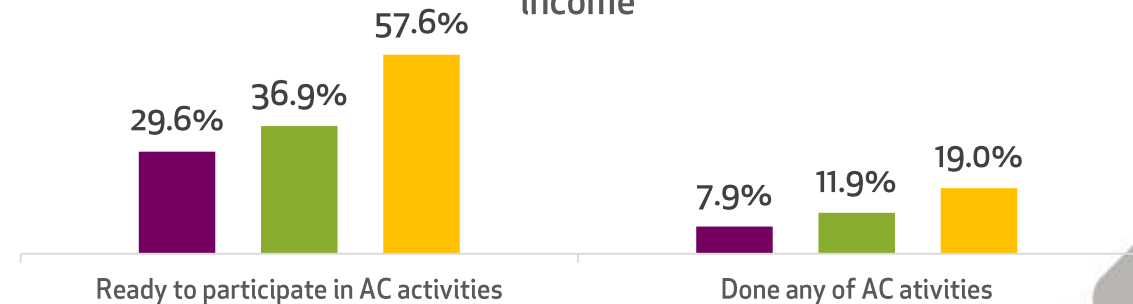
Readiness and actual participation in AC activities, by corruption experience



Readiness and actual participation in AC activities, by education



Readiness and actual participation in AC activities, by income



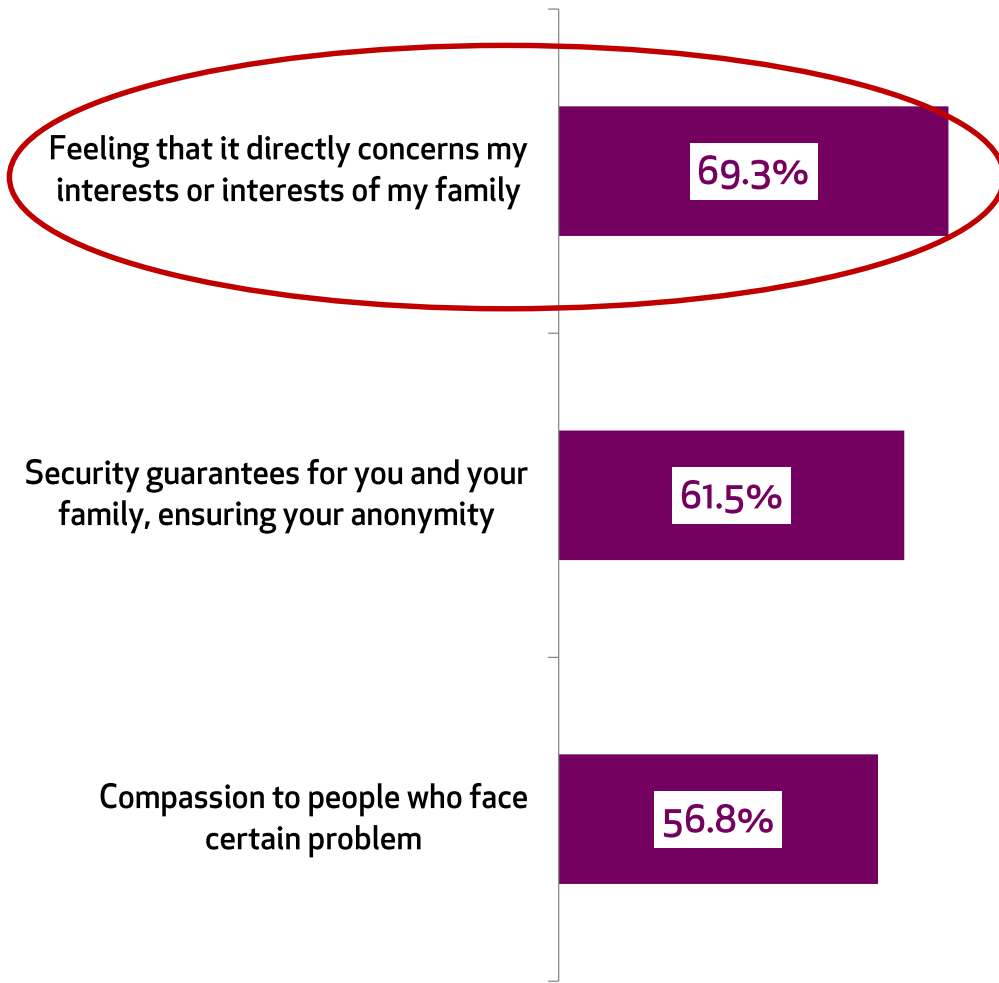
- Elementary or some secondary
- High school/specialized
- University undergraduate/graduate

- We do not have enough money even for food
- We have enough money for food, but it is difficult to buy clothes/ enough money for food and clothes
- We can afford to buy some expensive things/anything we want



# LINKS TO PERSONAL INTEREST MOTIVATES AC ACTIVITY, WHILE SECURITY CONCERNS AND DESPAIR DISCOURAGES IT

## Factors that motivate engagement in AC activities



## Factors that discourage engagement in AC activities



Q: What can motivate you to engage into anticorruption activities?  
– % of “very motivating” and “rather motivating” responses

Q: What can discourage you from engaging into anticorruption activities?  
– % of “very discouraging” and “rather discouraging” responses